

fish extinctions in the past 100 years, and the decline of 70 percent of the fish species listed by the Endangered Species Act.

But what is known about the effect of non-native invasive species is greater still. For example, it is thought by many accidentally introduced New Zealand mud snails have contributed directly to the decline of the native fauna in the Snake River, and led to the proposal to list at least one of the Snake River snails as endangered.

We hope that the Senate will quickly pass H.R. 4283. By passing this bill we will take one very important step to protect our aquatic habitats from non-native species.

#### BALLAST EXCHANGE

Mr. BREAUX. Mr. President, a priority for me in the National Invasive Species Act has been to establish a ballast technology demonstration program to usher in the development of safer and more reliable alternatives to ballast exchange. I note that in H.R. 4283, the Secretary of Interior and the Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration implement this important program in cooperation with the Secretary of Transportation Administration. I believe the Secretary of Transportation should involve its Office of Shipbuilding and Technology which already has years of experience in ballast technology in this program.

Mr. KEMPTHORNE. Involvement of that office will be important to build upon past experience in ballast technology development and I also urge its involvement.

Mr. LOTT. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the bill, which provides for the National Invasive Species Act of 1996, be deemed read a third time and passed, the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table, and that any statements relating to the bill appear at the appropriate place in the RECORD.

The bill (H.R. 4283) was deemed read the third time and passed.

#### EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT ASSISTANCE COMPACT

Mr. LOTT. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to the consideration of House Joint Resolution 193, which was received from the House.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

A joint resolution (H.J. Res. 193) granting the consent of Congress to the Emergency Management Assistance Compact.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the immediate consideration of the joint resolution?

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the joint resolution.

Mr. LOTT. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the resolution be deemed read a third time and passed,

the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table, and any statements relating to the resolution appear at the appropriate place in the RECORD.

I might say, this compact is among the States of Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, Missouri, Oklahoma, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Virginia, and West Virginia.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The joint resolution (H.J. Res. 193) was deemed read the third time and passed.

#### WASHINGTON METROPOLITAN AREA TRANSIT REGULATION COMPACT AMENDMENTS

Mr. LOTT. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to the consideration of House Joint Resolution 194.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

A joint resolution (H.J. Res. 194) granting the consent of the Congress to amendments made by Maryland, Virginia, and the District of Columbia to the Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Regulation Compact.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the immediate consideration of the joint resolution?

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the joint resolution.

Mr. LOTT. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the resolution be deemed read a third time and passed, the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table, and any statements relating to the bill be placed at the appropriate place in the RECORD.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The joint resolution (H.J. Res. 194) was deemed read the third time and passed.

#### MODIFYING BOUNDARIES OF TALLADEGA FOREST, AL

Mr. LOTT. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Agriculture Committee be immediately discharged from further consideration of H.R. 1874, a bill to modify the boundaries on the Talladega National Forest, AL, and the Senate proceed to its immediate consideration.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

A bill (H.R. 1874) to modify the boundaries of the Talladega National Forest, Alabama.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the immediate consideration of the bill?

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the bill.

Mr. LOTT. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the bill be deemed read a third time and passed, the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table, and any statements relating to

the measure be placed at the appropriate place in the RECORD.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The bill (H.R. 1874) was deemed read the third time and passed.

#### WAR CRIMES DISCLOSURE

Mr. LOTT. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate now proceed to consideration of H.R. 1281, received from the House.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

A bill (H.R. 1281) to express the sense of the Congress that it is the policy of the Congress that United States Government agencies in possession of records about individuals who are alleged to have committed Nazi war crimes should make those records public.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the immediate consideration of the bill?

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the bill.

Mr. MOYNIHAN. Mr. President, I rise today in strong support of H.R. 1281, the War Crimes Disclosure Act, which expresses the sense of Congress that Government agencies in possession of records documenting Nazi war crimes should declassify such records and release them to the public.

Ideally, in a democracy, all government information belongs to the people, excepting such information as would be harmful to the body politic if made publicly available. Knowledge of wartime atrocities presents no threat to the American people. To the contrary, accurate information about the Nazi regime, and those who ruthlessly carried out its barbaric policies, can only serve to deepen our understanding of history's darkest chapter, and strengthen our resolve that it never be repeated.

On August 2, 1996, I introduced the War Crimes Disclosure Act (S. 2048), which would have amended the Freedom of Information Act to provide for disclosure of information relating to individuals who committed Nazi war crimes. This bill, cosponsored by Senators D'AMATO and DODD, is the Senate companion to a similar measure sponsored in the House of Representatives by my colleague from New York, the Honorable CAROLYN MALONEY.

Inexplicably, that measure has met with some opposition and, due to the impending adjournment of Congress, we will not be able to adopt it in its original form. Nevertheless, with the passage of this amended legislation, Congress makes an important statement in support of public disclosure of documents relevant to Nazi war crimes. This is a first step. I do hope that we can revisit this issue in the 105th Congress.

Mr. LOTT. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the bill be deemed read a third time, passed, the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table, and that any statements relating to

the bill be placed at the appropriate place in the RECORD.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The bill (H.R. 1281) was deemed read the third time and passed.

#### INDIAN HEALTH CARE IMPROVEMENT TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS ACT OF 1996

Mr. LOTT. Mr. President, I ask the Chair lay before the Senate a message from the House of Representatives on (H.R. 3378) to amend the Indian Health Care Improvement Act to extend the demonstration program for direct billing of Medicare, Medicaid, and other third party payors.

The PRESIDING OFFICER laid before the Senate the following message from the House of Representatives:

House amendment to Senate amendment:

In lieu of the matter proposed to be inserted by the Senate amendment to the text of the bill, insert:

##### SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; REFERENCE.

(a) *SHORT TITLE.*—This Act may be cited as the “Indian Health Care Improvement Technical Corrections Act of 1996”.

(b) *REFERENCES.*—Whenever in this Act an amendment or repeal is expressed in terms of an amendment to or repeal of a section or other provision, the reference shall be considered to be made to a section or other provision of the Indian Health Care Improvement Act.

##### SEC. 2. TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS IN THE INDIAN HEALTH CARE IMPROVEMENT ACT.

(a) *DEFINITION OF HEALTH PROFESSION.*—Section 4(n) (25 U.S.C. 1603(n)) is amended—

(1) by inserting “allopathic medicine,” before “family medicine”; and

(2) by striking “and allied health professions” and inserting “an allied health profession, or any other health profession”.

(b) *INDIAN HEALTH PROFESSIONS SCHOLARSHIPS.*—Section 104(b) of their Indian Health Care Improvements Act (25 U.S.C. 1613a(b)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (3)—

(A) in subparagraph (A)—

(i) by striking the matter preceding clause (i) and inserting the following:

“(3)(A) The active duty service obligation under a written contract with the Secretary under section 338A of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 2541) that an individual has entered into under that section shall, if that individual is a recipient of an Indian Health Scholarship, be met in a full-time practice, by service—

(ii) by striking “or” at the end of clause (iii); and

(iii) by striking the period at the end of clause (iv) and inserting “; or”;

(B) by redesignating subparagraph (B) and (C) as subparagraphs (C) and (D), respectively;

(C) by inserting after subparagraph (A) the following new subparagraph:

(B) At the request of any individual who has entered into a contract referred to in subparagraph (A) and who received a degree in medicine (including osteopathic or allopathic medicine), dentistry, optometry, podiatry, or pharmacy, the Secretary shall defer the active duty service obligation of that individual under that contract, in order that such individual may complete any internship, residency, or other advanced clinical training that is required for the practice of that health profession, for an appropriate period (in years, as determined by the Secretary), subject to the following conditions:

“(i) No period of internship, residency, or other advanced clinical training shall be

counted as satisfying any period of obligated service that is required under this section.

“(ii) The active duty service obligation of that individual shall commence not later than 90 days after the completion of that advanced clinical training (or by a date specified by the Secretary).

“(iii) The active duty service obligation will be served in the health profession of that individual, in a manner consistent with clauses (i) through (v) of subparagraph (A).”;

(D) in subparagraph (C), as so redesignated, by striking “prescribed under section 338C of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 254m) by service in a program specified in subparagraph (A)” and inserting “described in subparagraph (A) by service in a program specified in that subparagraph”;

(E) in subparagraph (D), as so redesignated—

(i) by striking “Subject to subparagraph (B).” and inserting “Subject to subparagraph (C).”; and

(ii) by striking “prescribed under section 338C of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 254m)” and inserting “described in subparagraph (A)”;

(2) in paragraph (4)—

(A) in subparagraph (B), by striking the matter preceding clause (i) and inserting the following:

“(B) the period of obligated service described in paragraph (3)(A) shall be equal to the greater of—”;

(B) in subparagraph (C), by striking “(42 U.S.C. 254m(g)(1)(B))” and inserting “(42 U.S.C. 2541(g)(1)(B))”;

(3) in paragraph (5), by adding at the end the following new subparagraphs:

“(C) Upon the death of an individual who receives an Indian Health Scholarship, any obligation of that individual for service or payment that relates to that scholarship shall be canceled.

“(D) The Secretary shall provide for the partial or total waiver or suspension of any obligation of service or payment of a recipient of an Indian Health Scholarship if the Secretary determines that—

“(i) it is not possible for the recipient to meet that obligation or make that payment;

“(ii) requiring that recipient to meet that obligation or make that payment would result in extreme hardship to the recipient; or

“(iii) the enforcement of the requirement to meet the obligation or make the payment would be unconscionable.

“(E) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in any case of extreme hardship or for other good cause shown, the Secretary may waive, in whole or in part, the right of the United States to recover funds made available under this section.

“(F) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, with respect to a recipient of an Indian Health Scholarship, no obligation for payment may be released by a discharge in bankruptcy under title 11, United States Code, unless that discharge is granted after the expiration of the 5-year period beginning on the initial date on which that payment is due, and only if the bankruptcy court finds that the non-discharge of the obligation would be unconscionable.”.

(c) *CALIFORNIA CONTRACT HEALTH SERVICES DEMONSTRATION PROGRAM.*—Section 211(g) (25 U.S.C. 1621(j)) is amended by striking “1993, 1994, 1995, 1996, and 1997” and inserting “1996 through 2000”.

(d) *EXTENSION OF CERTAIN DEMONSTRATION PROGRAM.*—Section 405(c)(2) (25 U.S.C. 1645(c)(2)) is amended by striking “September 30, 1996” and inserting “September 30, 1998”.

(e) *GALLUP ALCOHOL AND SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT CENTER.*—Section 706(d) (25 U.S.C. 1665(d)) is amended to read as follows:

“(d) *AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.*—There are authorized to be appropriated, for each of fiscal years 1996 through 2000, such

sums as may be necessary to carry out subsection (b).”.

(f) *SUBSTANCE ABUSE COUNSELOR EDUCATION DEMONSTRATION PROGRAM.*—Section 711(h) (25 U.S.C. 1665j(h)) is amended by striking “1993, 1994, 1995, 1996, and 1997” and inserting “1996 through 2000”.

(g) *HOME AND COMMUNITY-BASED CARE DEMONSTRATION PROGRAM.*—Section 821(i) (25 U.S.C. 1680k(i)) is amended by striking “1993, 1994, 1995, 1996, and 1997” and inserting “1996 through 2000”.

Mr. LOTT. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate concur in the House amendment to the Senate amendments.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

#### AMENDING TITLE XIX OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY ACT

Mr. LOTT. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate now proceed to consideration of H.R. 3632, which is at the desk.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

A bill (H.R. 3632) to amend title XIX of the Social Security Act to repeal the requirement for annual resident review for nursing facilities under the Medicaid Program and to require resident reviews for mentally ill or mentally retarded residents when there is a significant change in physical or mental condition.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the immediate consideration of the bill?

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the bill.

Mr. LOTT. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the bill be deemed read a third time, passed, the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table, and that any statements relating to the bill appear at the appropriate place in the RECORD.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The bill (H.R. 3632) was deemed read the third time and passed.

#### GENERAL ACCOUNTING OFFICE ACT OF 1996

Mr. LOTT. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Governmental Affairs Committee be discharged from further consideration of H.R. 3864 and, further, the Senate proceed to its consideration.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

A bill (H.R. 3864) to amend laws authorizing auditing, reporting, and other functions by the General Accounting Office.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the immediate consideration of the bill?

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the bill.

Mr. DOMENICI. Mr. President, I rise in support of H.R. 3864, the General Accounting Office Management Reform Act of 1996. The Congress has reduced spending for GAO by 25 percent over